

12.—Salaries and Wages in Fish-Canning and Curing Establishments, 1920-1923.

Years.	On Salaries.		On Wages.		Contract and Piece-Workers.		Total.	
	No.	\$	No.	\$	No.	\$	No.	\$
1920.....	651	759,176	13,137	3,180,701	4,711	916,413	18,499	4,856,290
1921.....	487	551,330	10,534	2,023,040	3,083	399,016	14,104	2,973,386
1922.....	614	682,535	11,348	2,358,780	4,115	600,415	16,577	3,641,730
1923.....	585	681,101	11,265	2,443,971	3,597	644,842	15,447	3,769,914

Trade.—For reasons already noted, the domestic consumption of fish is relatively small in Canada, and the trade depends largely upon foreign markets. Perhaps 60 p. c. of the annual capture is an average export, of which the United States takes approximately one-half and Great Britain one-quarter. In the fiscal year 1922-23, total exports amounted to \$27,792,481, of which \$13,218,462 went to the United States and \$3,746,871 to the United Kingdom. The most important single export is canned salmon (to Great Britain and European markets), followed closely by cod, dry salted (to the West Indies, South America, etc.). For fresh fish, especially whitefish and lobsters, the United States is the chief market. In brief, Canada's export trade in fish falls below that of Great Britain and Norway alone; including Newfoundland it exceeds both. Canadian imports of fish in 1922-23 amounted to \$855,489. A general review of the import and export trade in fish over the past twenty years is given in Table 13, whilst Table 14 gives the comparative record of exports by countries during the past two years. Table 15 shows the leading items of export for 1922 and 1923. For a complete analysis of imports and exports, see annual report on Fisheries Statistics, issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

13.—Value of Exports and Imports of Fish and Fish Products, 1902-1923.

Years.	Exports, fisheries, domestic.	Imports of fish for home consumption.		Years.	Exports, fisheries, domestic.	Imports of fish for home consumption.	
		Dutiable.	Free.			Dutiable.	Free.
	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$
1902.....	14,143,294	591,064	451,835	1913.....	16,336,721	1,519,571	910,923
1903.....	11,800,184	629,545	633,680	1914.....	20,623,560	1,469,305	635,231
1904.....	10,759,029	704,577	685,936	1915.....	19,687,068	1,080,225	568,880
1905.....	11,114,318	713,264	630,660	1916.....	22,377,977	804,398	537,342
1906.....	16,025,840	756,410	1,152,253	1917.....	24,889,253	1,259,799	818,613
1907 ¹	10,362,142	699,218	862,880	1918.....	32,602,151	966,643	1,397,127
1908.....	13,867,367	795,612	1,026,996	1919.....	37,137,072	1,054,848	2,079,530
1909.....	13,319,664	746,315	814,770	1920.....	42,285,035	2,605,379	1,334,718
1910.....	15,663,162	909,036	715,703	1921.....	33,581,383	2,416,152	1,809,960
1911.....	15,675,544	1,123,581	669,033	1922.....	29,521,894	2,172,850	970,028
1912.....	16,704,678	1,203,045	984,458	1923.....	27,792,481	2,066,300	855,489

¹ Nine months.

14.—Exports of the Fisheries, the produce of Canada, by principal Countries, in the fiscal years 1922 and 1923.

Exports to—	1922.	1923.	Exports to—	1922.	1923.
	\$	\$		\$	\$
United Kingdom.....	5,541,103	3,746,871	South Africa.....	23,538	41,582
Australia.....	727,434	494,473	Straits Settlements.....	113,829	46,810
British W. Indies.....	1,347,408	1,277,429	Fiji.....	43,099	59,144
British Guiana.....	224,435	185,641	Egypt and Sudan.....	26,695	5,355
New Zealand.....	139,183	301,178	Gibraltar.....	55,645	—
Newfoundland.....	29,020	47,821	Other British possessions	31,977	43,258
Hong Kong.....	319,636	261,533	Total British Empire.	8,654,821	6,548,336
Bermuda.....	31,819	37,241			